REGISTERED NUMBER: 00210797 (England and Wales)

THE BRITISH SHOW JUMPING ASSOCIATION

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Murphy Salisbury Limited
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Celixir House
Stratford Business and Technology Park
Stratford-upon-Avon
Warwickshire
CV37 7GZ

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS: 1 T Graham

S Livesey
J D Broome
C Britton
Dr A Mauree
Dr A Bathe
A B Watterson
D B Sheerin

REGISTERED OFFICE: Building 2020

Meriden Business Park

Copse Drive Meriden Warwickshire CV5 9RG

REGISTERED NUMBER: 00210797 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY AUDITOR: Mark Bullock FCA

AUDITORS: Murphy Salisbury Limited

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Celixir House

Stratford Business and Technology Park

Stratford-upon-Avon Warwickshire CV37 7GZ

BANKERS: National Westminster Bank Plc and Lloyds

Bank Plc

CHAIRMAN'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Dear Members,

I am pleased to be reporting, in my role as Chair, that British Showjumping remains to be in a solid financial position and that our membership figures and horse registrations are holding up despite the current economic challenges.

The financial standing of the association has allowed us to continue to invest back into the competition structure through supporting various Championships and FEI competitions and has also allowed us to hold show affiliation fees at the levels set in 2010.

We are aware of the challenges facing everyone with the increased costs impacting on all areas of the sport and we will continue to focus on delivering the sport and training initiatives in an efficient way, whilst working with our organisers and officials to maximise the opportunities to train and compete across the country.

Charles Britton Chair, British Showjumping

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 31 December 2022.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2022 to the date of this report.

I T Graham

S Livesey

J D Broome

C Britton

Dr A Mauree

Dr A Bathe

Other changes in directors holding office are as follows:

J Quirke - resigned 1 April 2022

L Stockdale - resigned 1 April 2022

A B Watterson - appointed 1 April 2022

DB Sheerin - appointed 1 April 2022

CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year charitable donations of £nil (2020 £nil) were paid by the Association.

THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY INSURANCE FOR DIRECTORS

Qualifying third party indemnity provision is in place covering all directors of the company.

LEGACY FUNDS

In recognition of their kind donations the board wish to thank and note the legacy funds held by the Association:

	2022 £	2021 £
George Milton Fund	29,807	29,807
Janet Bennett Fund	235,210	235,210
Harold William Downs Fund	96,667	96,667
Pat Priestman Legacy Fund	2,000	2,000
	363,684	363,684

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

RESERVES POLICY STATEMENT

At 31 December 2022 British Showjumping had total reserves on its Statement of Financial Position of £6,092,058. This document sets out the underlying policies for maintaining these reserves.

Background

British Showjumping (BS) is the name used by The British Show Jumping Association for its activities. The company is limited by guarantee and therefore has no capital divided into shares therefore all of the operations of BS are funded out of reserves and should these ever run out every member of the Association agrees to contribute one Guinea to the assets of the Association. It is therefore very important for the reserves to be maintained at a sufficient level to enable the Association to continue.

Reserves are built up from two main sources:

- 1. Surpluses made year by year on the normal operations of BS in which income generated from members, affiliation of shows and sponsorship exceeds the costs of the services and activities provided by BS.
- 2. Legacies received from supporters of the sport.

Policy

British Showjumping recognises three types of reserve irrespective of the source of the reserves:

- 1. Restricted Reserves: these are funds that can only be used for specific purposes because the income was either raised for that specific purpose or was set aside for it. The Development Fund is an example where funds have been set aside for the development of the sport. Funds are deemed to be restricted at the time that the fund is set up or a surplus is realised and determined as such by the Board.
- 2. Operational Reserves: these are funds that are deemed to be prudent to support the ongoing activities of the Association in the case of an unexpected loss. Typically these are set to cover salary, administrative costs, and any forward contractual commitments for a period not exceeding 6 months.
- 3. Free or Investment Reserves: these are funds that are surplus to our operational needs and can be used for long term investment either in property or other long term investment.

Significant changes in the placement of Investment Reserves are approved by the Board, with the general management of BS's funds within this framework the responsibility of the Audit Group.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the surplus or deficit of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the surplus or deficit of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Murphy Salisbury Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

Charles a Britton

C Britton - Director

Date: Sep 29, 2023

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REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH SHOW JUMPING ASSOCIATION

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The British Show Jumping Association (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 31 December 2022 and of the group's surplus for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH SHOW JUMPING ASSOCIATION

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption from the requirement to prepare a Group Strategic Report or in preparing the Report of the Directors.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page five, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH SHOW JUMPING ASSOCIATION

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and then design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, including obtaining audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Identifying and assessing potential risks related to irregularities

In identifying and assessing risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we considered the following:

- the nature of the industry and sector, control environment and business performance including the design of the Company's remuneration policies, key drivers for directors' remuneration, bonus levels and performance targets;
- results of our enquiries of management about their own identification and assessment of the risks of irregularities;
- any matters we identified having obtained and reviewed the Company's documentation of their policies and procedures relating to:
- identifying, evaluating and complying with laws and regulations and whether they were aware of any instances of noncompliance;
- detecting and responding to the risks of fraud and whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged
- the internal controls established to mitigate risks of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations;
- the matters discussed among the audit engagement team and involving relevant internal specialists, including tax specialists regarding how and where fraud might occur in the financial statements and any potential indicators of fraud.

As a result of these procedures, we considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the greatest potential for fraud in relation to revenue recognition. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act, UK Corporate Governance Code and local tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty. These included compliance with Financial Conduct Authority regulation for the UK operating segment, GDPR regulation and compliance with local legislation for the overseas operating segments.

Audit response to risks identified

As a result of performing the above, we identified revenue recognition as a key audit matter related to the potential risk of fraud.

Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- enquiring of management concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud; reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance, reviewing internal reports and reviewing regulatory correspondence with the Financial Conduct Authority or other relevant regulator;

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF THE BRITISH SHOW JUMPING ASSOCIATION

- obtained an understanding of provisions and held discussions with management to understand the basis of recognition or non-recognition of tax provisions; and
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members including internal specialists, and remained alert to any indications of fraud or noncompliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mark Bullock FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Murphy Salisbury Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Celixir House Stratford Business and Technology Park Stratford-upon-Avon Warwickshire CV37.7GZ

Date: 3010912023

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
TURNOVER		4,619,151	4,118,951
Cost of sales		2,997,587	2,749,340
GROSS SURPLUS		1,621,564	1,369,611
Administrative expenses		875,438	1,147,112
		746,126	222,499
Other operating income		3,000	73,076
OPERATING SURPLUS	4	749,126	295,575
Interest receivable and similar income		161,503	283,477
		910,629	579,052
Interest payable and similar expenses		97,445	94,375
SURPLUS BEFORE TAXATION		813,184	484,677
Tax on surplus		19,925	24,520
SURPLUS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEA	AR	793,259	460,157
Retained earnings at beginning of year		3,996,811	3,520,851
		Section of the sectio	
RETAINED EARNINGS FOR THE GROUP AT END OF YEAR		4,790,070	3,981,008
Surplus attributable to: Owners of the parent		793,259	460,157

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2022

		202	2	202	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					0.007.700
Tangible assets	6		1,989,880		2,086,629 77
Investments	7		77 5,801,930		5,756,992
Investment property	8		3,601,730		
			7,791,887		7,843,698
CURRENT ASSETS		ARA 100		242,699	
Debtors	9	270,127		242,699 2,807,676	
Cash at bank		3,054,298		2,807,070	
		3,324,425		3,050,375	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	10	1,806,856		2,063,798	
Amounts failing due within one year	10				
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,517,569		986,577
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			9,309,456		8,830,275
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(3,550,538)		(3,865,059)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(49,131)		(48,688)
NET ASSETS			5,709,787		4,916,528
RESERVES					
Legacy fund			363,684		363,684
Performance development fund			319,850		319,850
Regional fund	14		236,183		236,183
Income and expenditure account			4,790,070		3,996,811
			5,709,787		4,916,528

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

<u>Charles a Britton</u>	_
C Britton - Director	

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2022

		202	2	202	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	6		1,881,342		1,963,184
Investments	7		77		7 7
Investment property	8		-		•
			1,881,419		1,963,261
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	9	4,067,174		3,732,609	
Cash at bank		3,051,031		2,779,534	
		7,118,205		6,512,143	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	10	1,605,250		1,859,260	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			5,512,955		4,652,883
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			7,394,374		6,616,144
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	11		(1,258,881)		(1,382,908)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(49,131)		(48,688)
NET ASSETS			6,086,362		5,184,548
RESERVES Legacy fund Performance development fund Regional fund Income and expenditure account	14		363,684 319,850 236,183 5,166,645 6,086,362		363,684 319,850 236,183 4,264,831 5,184,548
Company's profit for the financial year			901,814		395,862

C Britton - Director

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

The British Show Jumping Association is a private company, limited by guarantee, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Transactions between group entities which have been eliminated on consolidation are not disclosed within the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% straight line basis

Jumps - 20% straight line basis and 15% straight line basis Other equipment - 20% straight line basis and 10% - 33.3% on cost

Motor vehicles - 25%-33.3% on cost

Computers & Software - 33% straight line basis and 20% - 25% straight line basis

Investment property

Investment property is shown at most recent valuation. Any aggregate surplus or deficit arising from changes in fair value is recognised in surplus or deficit.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 25 (2021 - 26).

The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionately consolidated during the year was 25 (2021 - 26).

4. OPERATING SURPLUS

The operating surplus is stated after charging:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Depreciation - owned assets	150,065	157,627

5. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Group	Freehold property £	Jumps £	Other equipment £
COST At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals	2,646,547	352,342 21,568	124,979 6,080
At 31 December 2022	2,646,547	373,910	131,059
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2022 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	822,140 45,063	187,703 70,118	40,981 22,246
At 31 December 2022	867,203	257,821	63,227
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021	1,779,344 ———————————————————————————————————	116,089 ————————————————————————————————————	67,832 ————————————————————————————————————
	Motor vehicles	Computers & Software	Totals
	£	£	£
COST At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals	55,304 18,000 (15,185)	121,059 7,668	3,300,231 53,316 (15,185)
At 31 December 2022	58,119	128,727	3,338,362
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2022 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	55,304 4,000 (15,185)	107,474 8,638	1,213,602 150,065 (15,185)
At 31 December 2022	44,119	116,112	1,348,482
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022	14,000	12,615	1,989,880
At 31 December 2021	-	13,585	2,086,629

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Company	Freehold property	Jumps £	Other equipment £
COST At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals	2,646,547	306,083 11,568	11,023
At 31 December 2022	2,646,547	317,651	11,023
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2022 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal	822,140 45,063	177,434 62,679	11,023
At 31 December 2022	8 67,203	240,113	11,023
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022 At 31 December 2021	1,779,344	77,538	_
	Motor vehicles	Computers & Software £	Totals £
COST At 1 January 2022 Additions Disposals	55,304 18,000 (15,185)	117,055 7,668	3,136,012 37,236 (15,185)
At 31 December 2022	58,119	124,723	3,158,063
DEPRECIATION At 1 January 2022 Charge for year Eliminated on disposal At 31 December 2022	55,304 4,000 (15,185) 44,119	106,927 7,336 - - 114,263	1,172,828 119,078 (15,185)
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022	14,000	10,460	1,881,342
At 31 December 2021		10,128	1,963,184

Included in cost of land and buildings is freehold land of £344,594 (2021 - £344,594) which is not depreciated.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

7. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Group				Other investments £
	COST At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022				77
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022				77
	At 31 December 2021				77
	Company				Unlisted investments
	COST				
	At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022				<u>77</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE				
	At 31 December 2022				
	At 31 December 2021				77
8.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY				
	Group				Total £
	FAIR VALUE				5,756,992
	At 1 January 2022 Additions				44,938
	At 31 December 2022				5,801,930
	NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2022				5,801,930
	At 31 December 2021				5,756,992
9.	DEBTORS				
		Gre		Com 2022	pany 2021
		2022 £	2021 £	£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year: Trade debtors	152,933	146,163	151,723	137,416
	Other debtors	33,242	32,858	33,242	32,858
	Prepayments and accrued income	83,952	63,678	68,947	53,246
		270,127	242,699	253,912	223,520

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NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9. DEBTORS - continued

	Group		Company	
	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due after more than one year:			3,813,262	3,509,089
Amounts due from related parti es	***	**	5,615,202	3,307,007
Aggregate amounts	270,127	242,699	4,067,174	3,732,609

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	270,687	249,969	89,033	82,623
Trade creditors	159,379	214,016	137,190	176,140
Taxation	19,482	14,231	19,482	14,231
Social security and other taxes	19,258	21,000	19,258	21,000
VAT	1,799	14,501	14,767	22,490
Other creditors	26,850	35,938	24,366	35,271
Accruals	192,252	368,219	184,005	361,581
Deferred income	1,117,149	1,145,924	1,117,149	1,145,924
	1,806,856	2,063,798	1,605,250	1,859,260

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans	274,438	264,882	92,202	85,441
Bank loans - 2-5 years	9 67,851	929,830	404,302	376,072
Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	2,260,249	2,590,172	714,377	841,220
Interest rate swap	•	28,175	<u>-</u>	28,175
Deferred income	48,000	52,000	48,000	52,000
	3,550,538	3,865,059	1,258,881	1,382,908

Amounts falling due in more than five years:

	Group		Coi	Company	
	2022 £	2021 £	2022 £	2021 £	
Repayable by instalments Bank loans more 5 yr by instal	2,260,249	2,590,172	714,377	841,220	

12. SECURED DEBTS

Lloyds Bank PLC holds fixed and floating charges over the property of the company and National Westminster Bank PLC over the property and related income of the company.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

13. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Association operates a defined contribution scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the association in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge of £66,763 (2020: £72,606) presents contributions payable by the Association to the funds. Contributions totalling £7,159 (2020: £8,206) were payable to the scheme at the year end and is included within creditors.

14. RESERVES

Group

Group	Regional fund £
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	236,183

Company

	Income and expenditure account	Legacy fund £	Performance development fund £	Regional fund £	Totals £
At 1 January 2022 Surplus for the year	4,264,831 901,814	363,684	319,850	236,183	5,184,548 901,814
At 31 December 2022	5,166,645	363,684	319,850	236,183	6,086,362

Legacy fund

The legacy funds represent bequests received by the Association. No restrictions were placed on the use of these bequests by the donors but the Board have earmarked both the capital and the income earned from investing the funds to meet training costs and for promoting international competitions and shows in the UK.

Performance development fund

The performance development fund represents an amount set aside towards future costs of promoting and improving the sport of show jumping for the benefit of members.

Regional fund

The regional fund represents the surplus held on behalf of the regional areas.

15. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The Association operates a defined contribution scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the association in independently administered funds. The pension cost charge of £55,827 (2021: £66,763) presents contributions payable by the Association to the funds. Contributions totalling £nil (2021: £7,159) were payable to the scheme at the year end and is included within creditors.

CONSOLIDATED DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022	,	202	1
	£	£	£	£
Turnover				
Members' subscriptions	1,417,490		1,260,950	
Horse registrations	1,340,746		1,207,863	
Show affiliations	232,952		197,561	
Development & service charge	816,468		506,898	
Sponsorship prize monies and grant income	234,403		233,786	
Passport handling income	173,272		170,106	
Building 2020 income	158,474		151,128	
Regional income	158,241		192,469	
Showjumping training - income	87,105		198,190	4 1 1 0 0 5 1
		4,619,151		4,118,951
Cost of sales				
Directors' salaries	120,000		120,000	
Salaries and company NI	866,071		888,447	
Pensions	55,827		66,763	
Development and services				
expenditure	614,252		377,918	
Sponsorship, prize monies and				
grants expenditure	135,956		115,303	
International costs	225,821		206,236	
Media and public relations	5,783		27,965	
TV production costs	4,250		20,181	
Public liability insurance	198,195		163,356	
BEF support	71,381		7 9,350	
Passport costs	141,250		138,220	
Building 2020 costs	110,003		139,576	
Regional expenditure	266,733		208,272	
Showjumping training - cos	62,987		66,062	
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets				
Freehold property	45,063		55,597	
Jumps	62,679		60,095	
Motor vehicles	4,000		10,290	
Computers & software	7,336		5,709	
	**************************************	2,997,587	***************************************	2,749,340
GROSS SURPLUS		1,621,564		1,369,611
OROSS SCIE 200				
Other income				
Other income	3,000		72 074	
Government grants	-		73,076	
Interest received	24,115		40,060	
Showjumping training - other	***		242 417	
income	137,388	164,503	243,417	356,553
		1,786,067		1,726,164
Expenditure				
Profit/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	(9,500)		637	
Staff training	7,285		8,346	
Telephones and faxes	17,770		16,286	
Stationery	5,533		5,738	
Postage	13,064		10,740	
Camiled forward	34,152	1,786,067	41,747	1,726,164
Carried forward	27,126	1,,00,007		-,,

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements

CONSOLIDATED DETAILED INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022		2021	
	£	£	£	£
Brought forward	34,152	1,786,067	41,747	1,726,164
Vehicle expenses	20,797		19,634	
Board members expenses	1,336		201	
Meeting costs	8,307		1,256	
General insurance	60,541		57,403	
IT expenses	225,814		212,135	
Health and safety	342		4,497	
Subscriptions	1,542		2,067	
Life and health cover	21,041		14,340	
Other expenses	4,249		2,312	
Legal and professional fees	31,503		30,893	
Accountancy	5,400			
Staff related costs	8,709		5,885	
Auditors' remuneration	10,760		15,500	
Covid assistance			319,879	
Foreign exchange losses	3,766		2,358	
Bad debts	16,842		14,122	
Partial recovery VAT loss	172,634		128,582	
Showjumping Training - expendi			107 204	
ture	148,666	mm/ 401	197,294	1 070 105
		776,401		1,070,105
		1,009,666		656,059
To a series and the				
Finance costs Bank and credit card charges	68,050		51,038	
Other interest	7,039		6,392	
Showjumping training - finance	•,•••		•	
costs	90,406		87,983	
COSIS		165,495		145,413
		044 171		510,646
		844,171		210,040
Depreciation				
Plant and machinery	7,439		5,893	
Fixtures and fittings	22,246		19,679	
Computer equipment	1,302		377	
		30,987		25,949
		8 13,184		484,697
Loss on disposal of fixed assets				
Freehold property		-		20
NET SURPLUS		813,184		484,677
INT SAME TON				